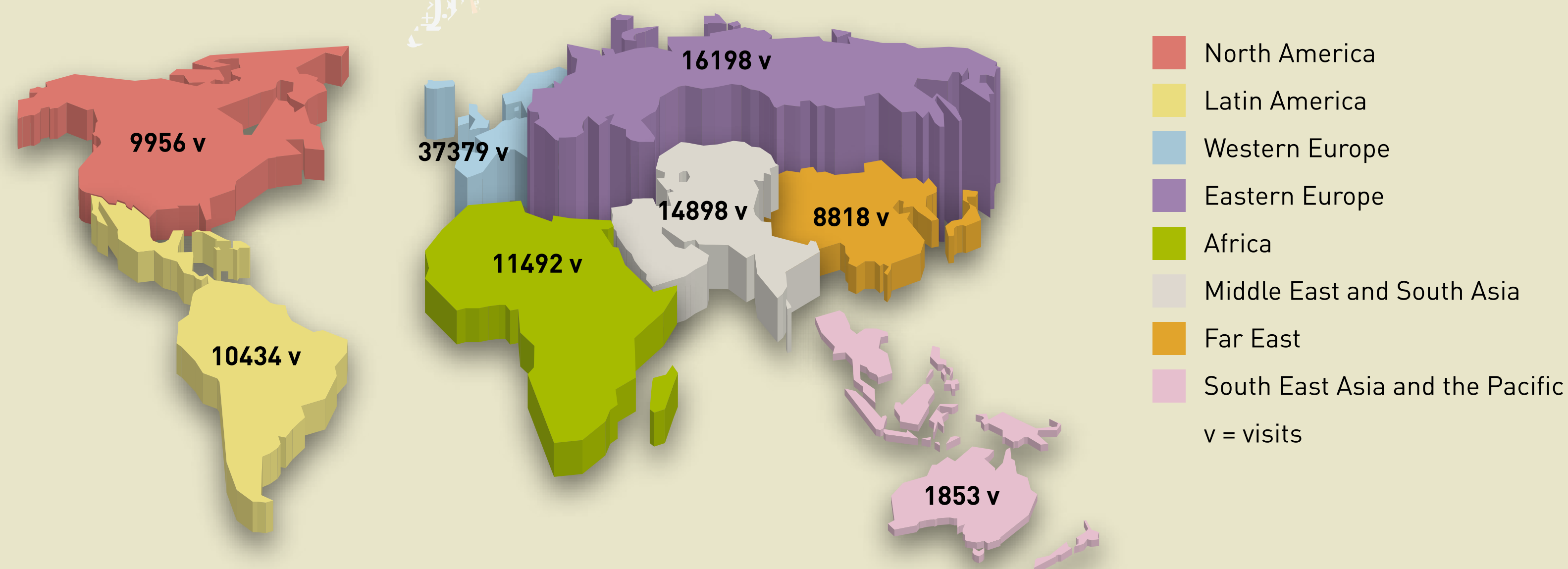


ICTP in Numbers 2008

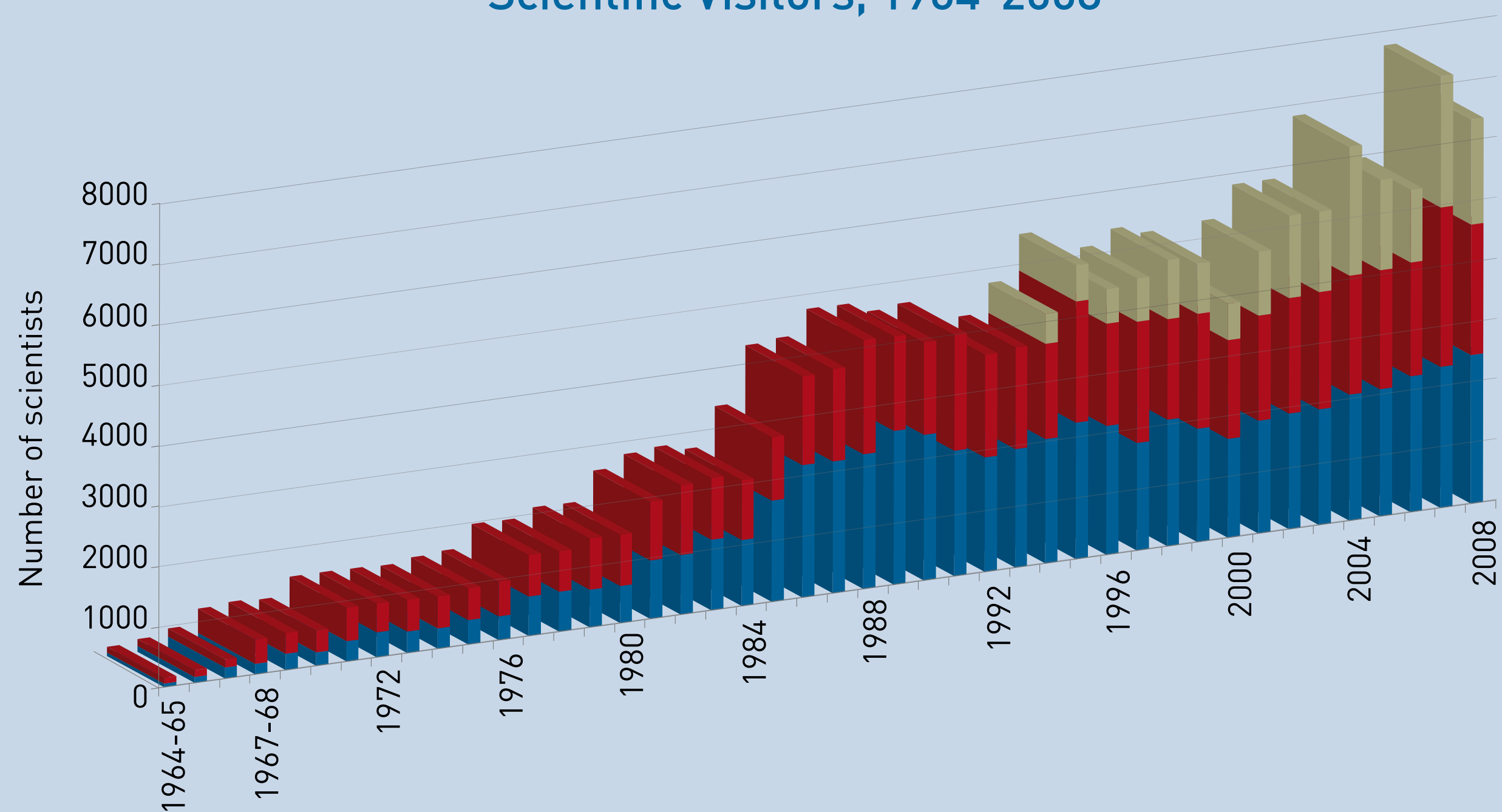
Where our visitors come from (1970-2008)

Since its inception, ICTP has received more than 110,000 visits from scientists representing 184 countries. About half of the scientists have come from the developing world, particularly India, China, Brazil, Argentina and Egypt. Least developed countries (LDCs) with the highest number of visitors include Bangladesh, Sudan, Ethiopia, Senegal and Nepal.



Trend of ICTP visitors by region, 1964-2008

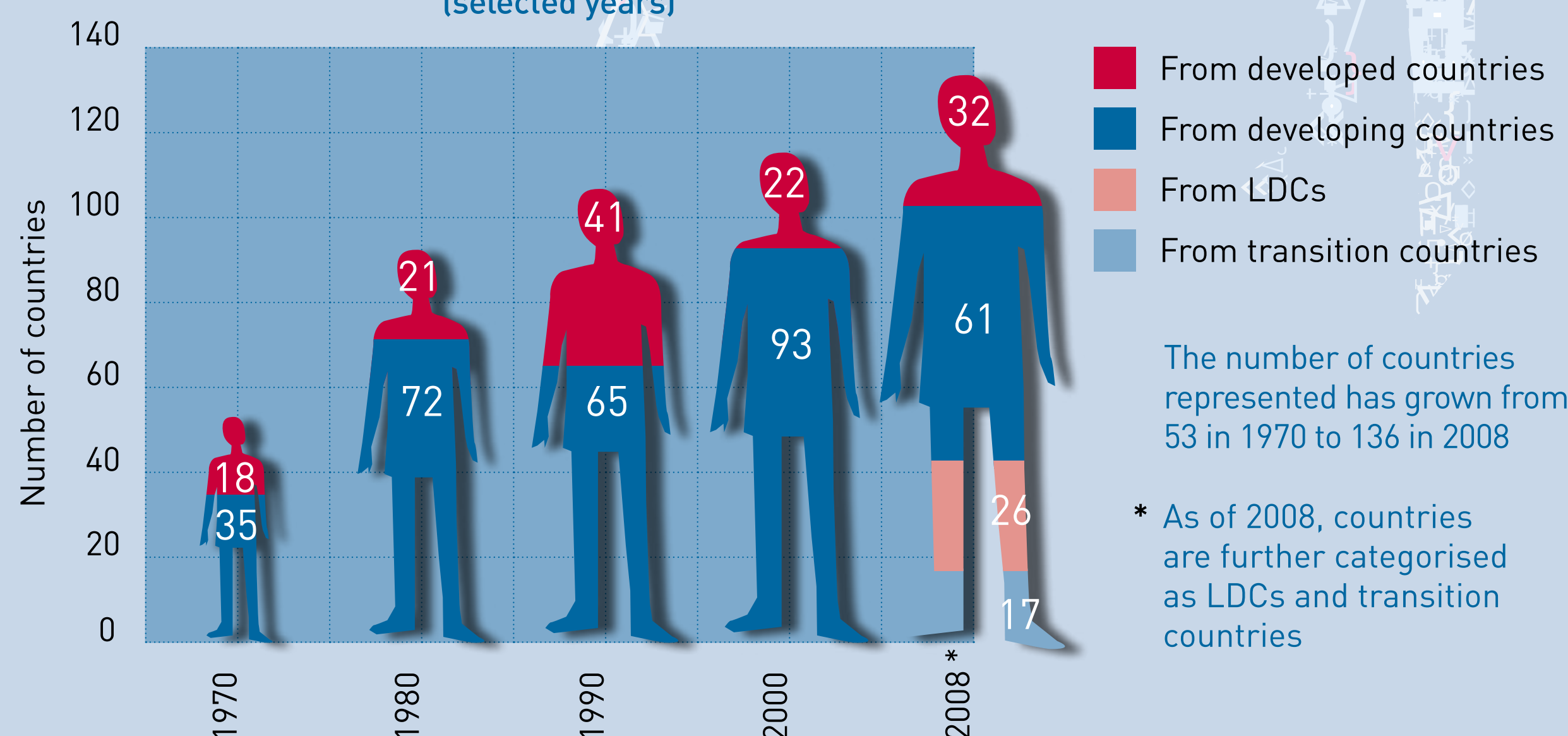
Scientific Visitors, 1964-2008



■ From developing countries *
■ From developed countries
■ From "hosted activities"

* Including Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and transition countries

Number of Countries Represented (selected years)

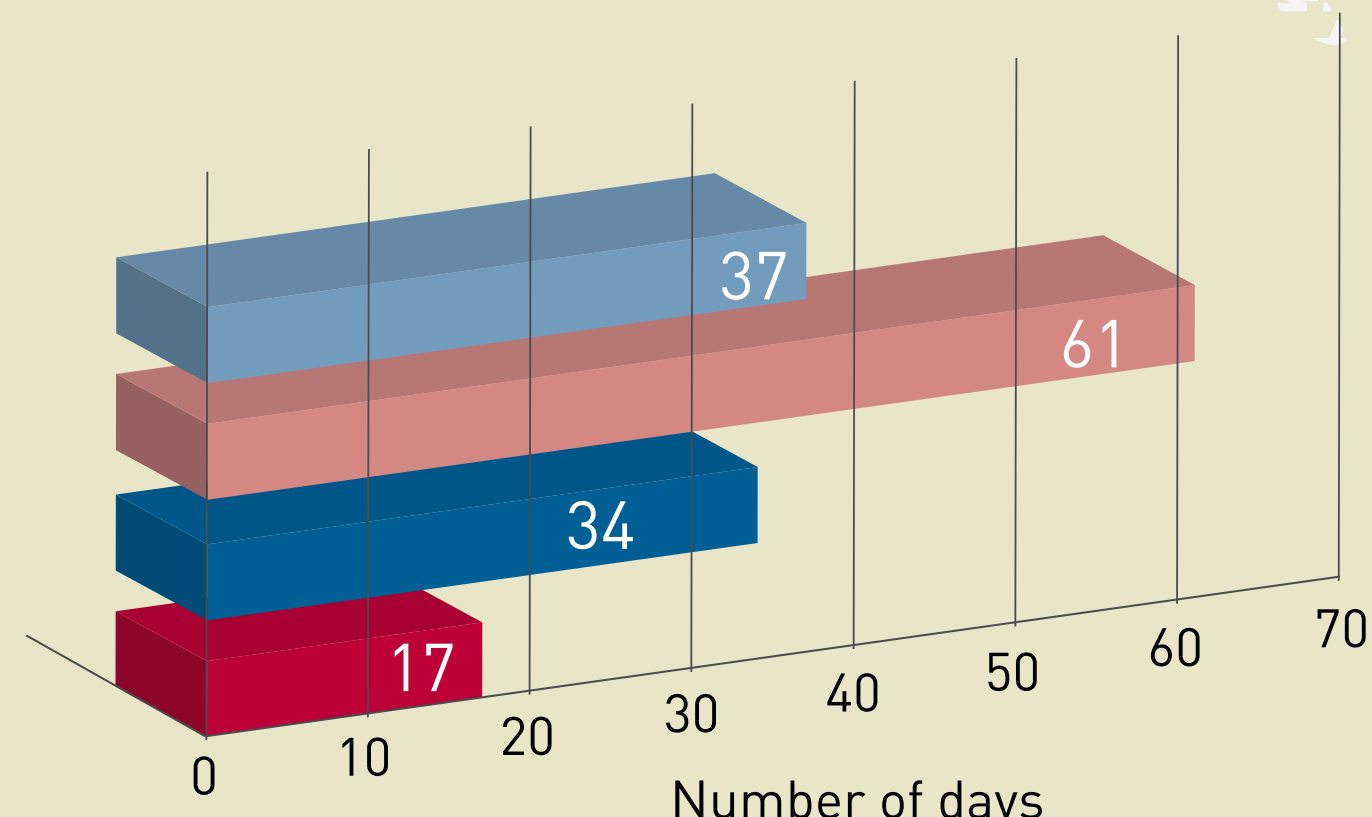


In 1964, ICTP had 154 visitors from 40 countries. In 2008, it received 6300 visitors from 136 countries. About 4600 participated in ICTP regular scientific activities and 1700 participated in activities organised by other

institutions but hosted by ICTP. Forty-seven percent of the visitors came from developed countries while the remaining 53% came from developing countries, LDCs and transition countries.

Duration of visits

The average length of stay for ICTP visitors coming from LDCs, transition countries and developing countries was 61, 37 and 34 days respectively. Overall, the time spent by visitors from these regions represent 72% of the total. Visitors from developed countries spent an average 17 days at ICTP.

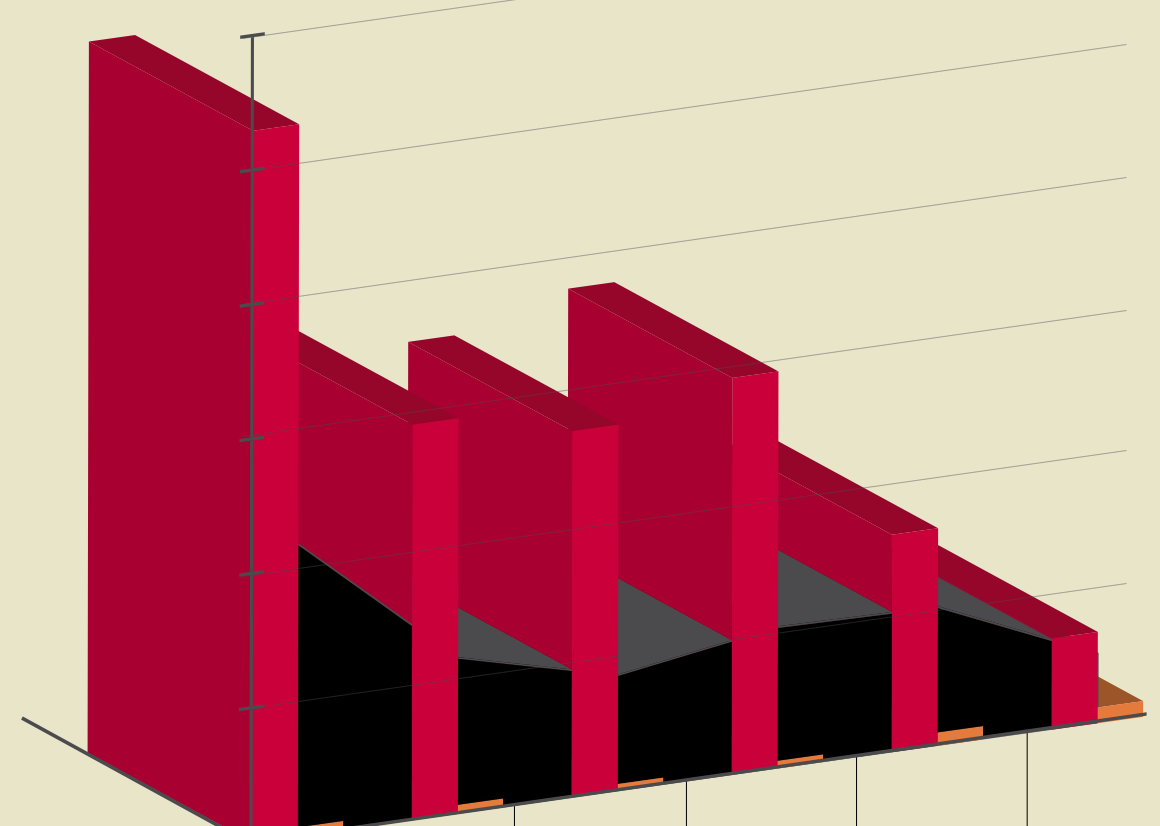


■ From transition countries
■ From LDCs
■ From developing countries
■ From developed countries

Our visitors at work: research and training activities

Research and training activities are carried out by staff scientists, consultants, long- and short-term visitors, post-doctoral fellows, ICTP associates and course participants. ICTP research covers several areas of physical sciences and mathematics: Applied Physics (AP); Condensed Matter and Statistical Physics (CMSP); Earth System Physics (ESP); High Energy, Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics (HECAP); Mathematics (Math); and a Multidisciplinary Lab (MLab) mainly focussed on interdisciplinary experimental activities.

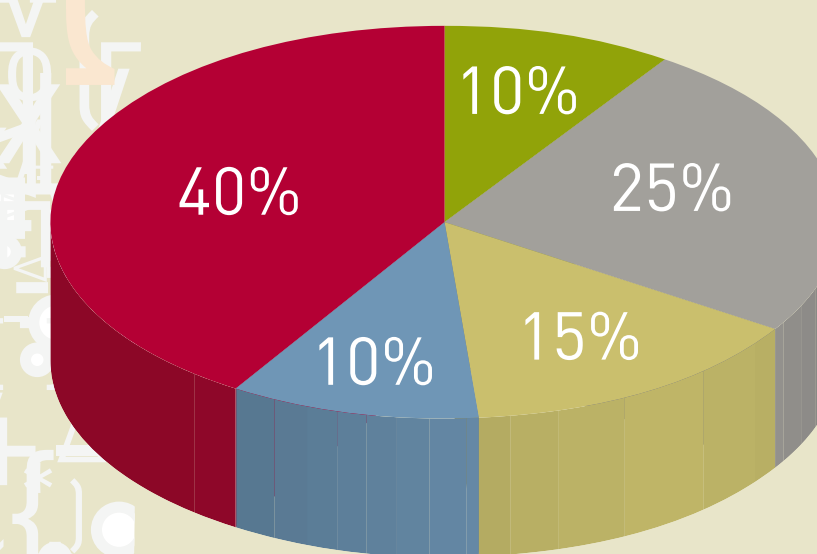
In 2008, ICTP organised 48 training activities on its campus, thus providing 1350 months of training to 3200 course participants for an average length of stay of 13 days. In addition, 13 regional training activities were organised by ICTP and held in Africa, Asia and Latin America.



	AP	CMSP	ESP	HECAP	Math	MLab
Participants	1058	588	544	590	323	136
Average length of stay in days	12	12	10	11	19	23
Person-months	433.56	230.42	171.11	209.75	206.66	103.19

Gender statistics

Globally, women account for slightly more than one quarter of researchers. Over the past eight years, the fraction of women participating in ICTP activities has increased steadily and now stands at 20 percent of the total number of visitors. In 2008, 83 female scientists came from Africa, 225 from Asia, 133 from Latin America, 93 from transition countries, and 374 from developed regions.



Female Scientists at ICTP

■ From Africa
■ From Asia
■ From Latin America
■ From transition countries
■ From developed countries